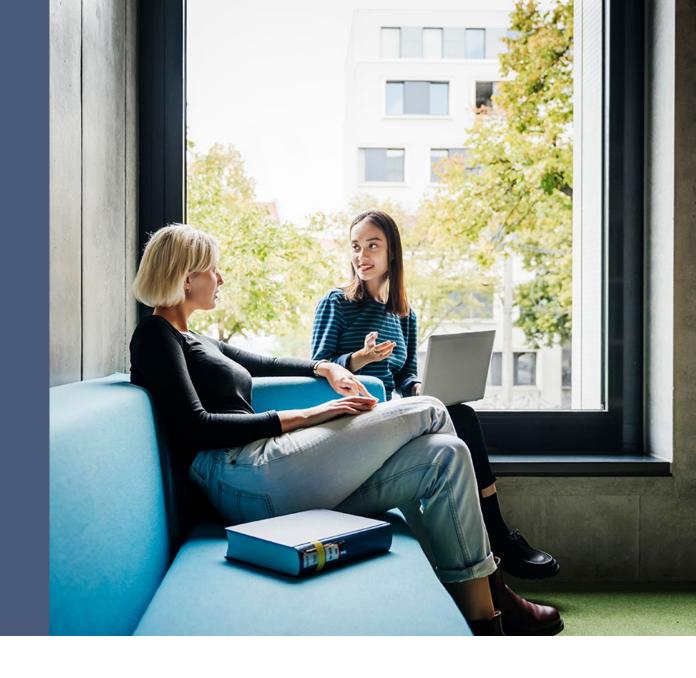
Audit Strategy Memorandum

Greater Manchester Pension Fund

Year ending 31 March 2023



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This document is to be regarded as confidential to Greater Manchester Pension Fund. It has been prepared for the sole use of the Audit Panel as the appropriate sub-committee charged with governance. No responsibility is accepted to any other person in respect of the whole or part of its contents. Our written consent must first be obtained before this document, or any part of it, is disclosed to a third party.



### mazars

Members of the Audit Panel Greater Manchester Pension Fund, Guardsman Tony Downes House, Manchester Road, Droylsden, M43 6SF

15 September 2023

Dear Members of the Audit Panel

#### Audit Strategy Memorandum - Year ending 31 March 2023

We are pleased to present our Audit Strategy Memorandum for Greater Manchester Pension Fund for the year ending 31 March 2023. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit approach, highlight significant audit risks and areas of key judgements and provide you with the details of our audit team. In Section 6 of this document we also summarise our considerations and conclusions on our independence as auditors. We consider two-way communication with you to be key to a successful audit and important in:

Mazars LLP

Manchester

M2 3DE

One St. Peters Square

- · reaching a mutual understanding of the scope of the audit and the responsibilities of each of us;
- · sharing information to assist each of us to fulfil our respective responsibilities;
- · providing you with constructive observations arising from the audit process; and
- ensuring that we, as external auditors, gain an understanding of your attitude and views in respect of the internal and external operational, financial, compliance and other risks facing Greater Manchester Pension Fund which may affect the audit, including the likelihood of those risks materialising and how they are monitored and managed.

With that in mind, we see this document, which has been prepared following our initial planning discussions with management, as being the basis for a discussion around our audit approach, any questions, concerns or input you may have on our approach or role as auditor. This document also contains appendices that outline our key communications with you during the course of the audit, and explain the implications of the introduction of the new auditing standard for Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement: ISA (UK) 315 (Revised 2019).

Client service is extremely important to us and we strive to provide technical excellence with the highest level of service quality, together with continuous improvement to exceed your expectations so, if you have any concerns or comments about this document or audit approach, please contact me on 07977 261873.

Yours faithfully

Suresh Patel, Mazars LLP

Mazars LLP - One St. Peters Square, Manchester, M2 3DE

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## Section 01:

**Engagement and responsibilities summary** 

## 1. Engagement and responsibilities summary

#### **Overview of engagement**

We are appointed to perform the external audit of Greater Manchester Pension Fund (the Pension Fund) for the year to 31 March 2023. The scope of our engagement is set out in the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies, issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) available from the PSAA website: <a href="https://www.psaa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/">https://www.psaa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/</a>. Our responsibilities are principally derived from the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the 2014 Act) and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO), as outlined below.

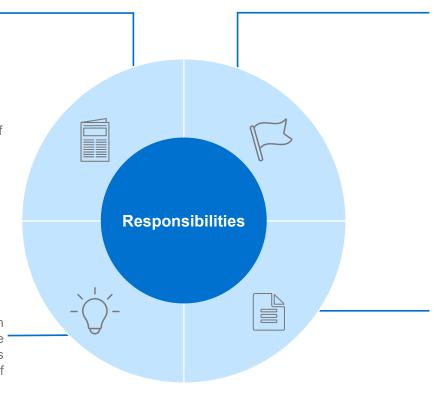
#### **Audit opinion**

We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on whether the financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting. Our audit does not relieve management or the Audit Panel, as those charged with governance, of their responsibilities.

The Director of Finance is responsible for the assessment of whether is it appropriate for the Pension Fund to prepare its accounts on a going concern basis. As auditors, we are required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding, and conclude on: a) whether a material uncertainty related to going concern exists; and b) consider the appropriateness of the Director of Finance's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Consistency Statement**

We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the consistency of the financial statements within the Pension Fund's annual report and the Pension Fund's financial statements included in the Statement of Accounts of Tameside Metropolitan Borough Council.



#### Fraud

The responsibility for safeguarding assets and for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law or regulations rests with both those charged with governance and management. This includes establishing and maintaining internal controls over reliability of financial reporting.

As part of our audit procedures in relation to fraud we are required to enquire of those charged with governance, including key management, Internal audit, and other key individuals where relevant, as to their knowledge of instances of fraud, the risk of fraud and their views on internal controls that mitigate the fraud risks. In accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), we plan and perform our audit so as to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. However our audit should not be relied upon to identify all such misstatements.

#### Wider reporting and electors' rights

The 2014 Act requires us to give an elector, or any representative of the elector, the opportunity to question us about the accounting records of the Council and consider any objection made to the accounts. This would include an objection made to the accounts of the Pension Fund included in the administering authority's financial statements. We also have a broad range of reporting responsibilities and powers that are unique to the audit of local authorities in the United Kingdom.

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## Section 02:

Your audit engagement team

## 2. Your audit engagement team

We have made changes to you audit engagement team. Suresh Patel is now your engagement lead and brings with him 30 years experience of auditing local government pension funds. In addition to GMPF, he is also the auditor of 4 London Borough Pension Funds. In addition, Amelia Salford is your new audit manager and she brings experience of auditing local authorities in the Greater Manchester area.



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**Audit Senior** 

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In addition, in light of GMPF's size, we have appointed an engagement quality control reviewer for this engagement.

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## Section 03:

Audit scope, approach and timeline

## 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

#### Audit scope

Our audit approach is designed to provide an audit that complies with all professional requirements.

Our audit of the financial statements will be conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), relevant ethical and professional standards, our own audit approach and in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work is focused on those aspects of your activities which we consider to have a higher risk of material misstatement, such as those impacted by management judgement and estimation, application of new accounting standards, changes of accounting policy, changes to operations or areas which have been found to contain material errors in the past.

#### **Audit approach**

Our audit approach is risk-based and primarily driven by the issues that we consider lead to a higher risk of material misstatement of the accounts. Once we have completed our risk assessment, we develop our audit strategy and design audit procedures in response to the risks identified.

If we conclude that appropriately-designed controls are in place then we may plan to test and rely upon these controls. If we decide controls are not appropriately designed, or we decide it would be more efficient to do so, we may take a wholly substantive approach to our audit testing. Substantive procedures are audit procedures designed to detect material misstatements at the assertion level and comprise: tests of details (of classes of transactions, account balances, and disclosures); and substantive analytical procedures. Irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, which take into account our evaluation of the operating effectiveness of controls, we are required to design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance, and disclosure.

Our audit will be planned and performed so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement and give a true and fair view. The concept of materiality and how we define a misstatement is explained in more detail in section 7.

The diagram on the next page outlines the procedures we perform at the different stages of the audit.





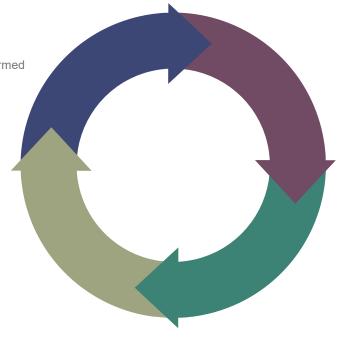
## 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

#### Planning and Risk Assessment – April 2023

- Developing our understanding of the Pension Fund
- · Initial opinion assessment
- · Considering proposed accounting treatments and accounting policies
- Developing the audit strategy and planning the audit work to be performed
- · Agreeing timetable and deadlines
- · Risk assessment analytical procedures
- · Determination of materiality

#### **Completion – October to November 2023**

- Final review and disclosure checklist of financial statements
- · Final partner and EQCR review
- · Agreeing content of letter of representation
- Reporting to the Audit Panel (to the November 2023 Panel)
- · Reviewing subsequent events
- Signing the independent auditor's reports (subject to when the 2022/23 Tameside auditor's report will be issued)



#### Fieldwork – July to October 2023

- Documenting systems and controls
- · Performing walkthroughs
- Reassessment of audit plan and revision if necessary
- · Tests of IT general controls
- Receiving and reviewing draft financial statements
- Technical review of financial statements
- Delivering our audit strategy starting with significant risks and high risk areas including detailed testing of transactions, account balances and disclosures
- Communicating progress and issues
- Clearance meeting



## 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

#### Reliance on internal audit

Where possible we will seek to utilise the work performed by internal audit to modify the nature, extent and timing of our audit procedures. We will meet with internal audit to discuss the progress and findings of their work prior to the commencement of our controls evaluation procedures.

#### Management's and our experts

Management makes use of experts in specific areas when preparing the Pension Fund's financial statements. We also use experts to assist us to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on specific items of account.

Item of account	Management's expert	Our expert
Disclosure on funding arrangements and actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits	Hymans Robertson	NAO Consulting Actuary: PwC
Valuation of unquoted investments not traded on active markets	Investment managers and Custodian	Internal Mazars Property Valuation team

#### **Service organisations**

International Auditing Standards (UK) (ISAs) define service organisations as third party organisations that provide services to the Pension Fund that are part of its information systems relevant to financial reporting. We are required to obtain an understanding of the services provided by service organisations as well as evaluating the design and implementation of controls over those services. The table below summarises the service organisations used by the Pension Fund and our planned audit approach.

Items of account	Service organisation	Audit approach
Quoted investment valuations	Custodian	Substantive procedures and review of the Custodian's ISAE3402 report
Unquoted investment valuations and related disclosures	Custodian	Substantive procedures and review of the Custodian's ISAE3402 report
Stock lending including information used for the stock lending disclosure note	Custodian	Substantive procedures and review of the Custodian's ISAE3402 report

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## Section 04:

Significant risks and other key judgement areas

## 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

Following the risk assessment approach discussed in section 3 of this document, we have identified risks relevant to the audit of financial statements. The risks that we identify are categorised as significant, enhanced or standard. The definitions of the level of risk rating are given below:

#### Significant risk

Significant risks are those risks assessed as being close to the upper end of the spectrum of inherent risk, based on the combination of the likelihood of a misstatement occurring and the magnitude of any potential misstatement. Fraud risks are always assessed as significant risks as required by auditing standards, including management override of controls.

#### **Enhanced risk**

An enhanced risk is an area of higher assessed risk of material misstatement at audit assertion level other than a significant risk. Enhanced risks require additional consideration but does not rise to the level of a significant risk, these include but may not be limited to:

- key areas of management judgement, including accounting estimates which are material but are not considered to give rise to a significant risk of material misstatement; and
- other audit assertion risks arising from significant events or transactions that occurred during the period.

#### Standard risk

This is related to relatively routine, non-complex transactions that tend to be subject to systematic processing and require little management judgement. Although it is considered that there is a risk of material misstatement (RMM), there are no elevated or special factors related to the nature, the likely magnitude of the potential misstatements or the likelihood of the risk occurring.

#### **Summary risk assessment**

The summary risk assessment, illustrated in the table below, highlights those risks which we deem to be significant and other enhanced risks in respect of the Pension Fund. We have summarised our audit response to these risks on the next page.



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## 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

#### Specific identified audit risks and planned testing strategy

We have presented below in more detail the reasons for the risk assessment highlighted above, and also our testing approach with respect to significant risks. An audit is a dynamic process, should we change our view of risk or approach to address the identified risks during the course of our audit, we will report this to the Audit Panel.

#### Significant risks

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
1	Management override of controls  This is a mandatory significant risk on all audits due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur.  Management at various levels within an organisation are in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of their ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur there is a risk of material misstatement due to fraud on all audits.		0	0	<ul> <li>We plan to address the management override of controls risk through performing audit work over:</li> <li>Material accounting estimates;</li> <li>A sample of journal entries that meet our risk criteria; and</li> <li>significant transactions outside the normal course of business or otherwise unusual.</li> </ul>

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## 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

#### Significant risks

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
2	Valuation of investments within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy 2022/23: £8.7bn (2021/22: £7.6bn)  As at 31 March 2023, the value of these investments accounted for approximately 30 per cent of net investment assets. Level 3 assets are those assets whose value is based on unobservable inputs, and consequently the estimation uncertainty for these assets is more significant than for assets valued at level 1 and 2.	0			<ul> <li>Our audit procedures will include:</li> <li>Obtaining an understanding of the skills, experience and qualifications of any external valuers used by the Pension Fund, and considering the appropriateness of the Pension Fund's instructions to those valuers.</li> <li>Obtaining an understanding of the basis of valuation applied in the year.</li> <li>Agreeing the valuation of a sample of investments to supporting documentation including investment manager valuation statements and cash flow adjustments;</li> <li>Agreeing the valuation of a sample of investments to audited financial statements or other independent supporting documentation;</li> <li>Obtaining assurance from our Mazars property valuation expert on the appropriateness of the methodology and assumptions adopted by the Pension Fund's investment property valuer; and</li> <li>Sample testing the completeness and accuracy of underlying investment property data used by the valuer as part of their valuations.</li> </ul>

#### Other key areas of management judgement and enhanced risks

Key areas of management judgement include accounting estimates which are material but are not considered to give rise to a significant risk of material misstatement. Other than those reflected in the table above we have not identified any such judgements, and we have not identified any enhanced risks.

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## Section 05:

Fees for audit and other services

### 6. Fees for audit and other services

#### Fees for work as the Pension Fund's appointed auditor

At this stage of the audit we are not planning any divergence from the scale fees set by PSAA as communicated in our fee letter.

Area of work	2022/23 Proposed Fee	2021/22 Proposed Fee
Scale fee – code work	£45,639*	£43,383
Additional fees in respect of:		
- Level 3 investments testing & using an auditor's expert	£10,000-15,000	£9,000
- Increased regulatory requirements	£2,000-5,000	£12,500
- ISA315 revised	£4,000-8,000	n/a

<sup>\*</sup> There is an uplift from the 2021/22 scale fee by £2,256. This uplift is funded by a contribution from PSAA.

#### Fees for pension assurance

The fee for Code Audit Work does not include fees chargeable to the Fund for pension fund work undertaken at the request of employer auditors for the year ended 31 March 2023. The total fees chargeable for this work for 2021/22 are expected to be between £30,000 - £40,000. The final fee will be agreed on completion of the 2021/22 audit.

Our fees for this work in 2022/23 are still to be agreed but are likely to be between £30,000 - £40,000. It is expected that the Fund will recharge these fees to the relevant employers. This approach is in line with the PSAA Terms of Appointment and the expectation within NAO's AGN01 General Guidance Supporting Local Audit.

#### Fees for non-PSAA work

We have not been engaged by the Pension Fund to carry out any additional work separate from our delivery of the NAO Code of Practice audit work. Before agreeing to undertake any additional work, we will consider whether there are any actual, potential or perceived threats to our independence. Further information about our responsibilities in relation to independence is provided in section 6.

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Section 06:

Our commitment to independence

## 7. Our commitment to independence

We are committed to independence and are required by the Financial Reporting Council to confirm to you at least annually in writing that we comply with the FRC's Ethical Standard. In addition, we communicate any matters or relationship which we believe may have a bearing on our independence or the objectivity of the audit team.

Based on the information provided by you and our own internal procedures to safeguard our independence as auditors, we confirm that in our professional judgement there are no relationships between us and any of our related or subsidiary entities, and you and your related entities creating any unacceptable threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We have policies and procedures in place which are designed to ensure that we carry out our work with integrity, objectivity and independence. These policies include:

- all partners and staff are required to complete an annual independence declaration;
- all new partners and staff are required to complete an independence confirmation and also complete computer based ethical training;
- rotation policies covering audit engagement partners and other key members of the audit team;
   and
- use by managers and partners of our client and engagement acceptance system which requires all non-audit services to be approved in advance by the audit engagement partner.

We confirm, as at the date of this document, that the engagement team and others in the firm as appropriate, and Mazars LLP, are independent and comply with relevant ethical requirements. However, if at any time you have concerns or questions about our integrity, objectivity or independence please discuss these with Suresh Patel in the first instance.

Prior to the provision of any non-audit services, Suresh will undertake appropriate procedures to consider and fully assess the impact that providing the service may have on our auditor independence.

Any emerging independence threats and associated identified safeguards will be communicated in our Audit Completion Report.

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## Section 07:

**Materiality and misstatements** 

## 8. Materiality and misstatements

#### Summary of initial materiality thresholds

Threshold	Initial threshold £m
Overall materiality	294.0
Performance materiality	235.2
Specific materiality: Fund Account	95.0
Performance materiality: Fund Account	76.0
Trivial threshold for errors to be reported to the Audit Panel	8.8

#### **Materiality**

Materiality is an expression of the relative significance or importance of a particular matter in the context of financial statements as a whole.

Information is considered to be material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.

Judgements on materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances and are affected by the size and nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both. Judgements about materiality are based on consideration of the common financial information needs of users as a group and not on specific individual users.

The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our

perception of the financial information needs of the users of the financial statements. In making our assessment we assume that users:

- · have a reasonable knowledge of business, economic activities and accounts;
- · have a willingness to study the information in the financial statements with reasonable diligence;
- understand that financial statements are prepared, presented and audited to levels of materiality;
- recognise the uncertainties inherent in the measurement of amounts based on the use of estimates, judgement and the consideration of future events; and
- will make reasonable economic decisions on the basis of the information in the financial statements.

We consider materiality whilst planning and performing our audit based on quantitative and qualitative factors.

Whilst planning, we make judgements about the size of misstatements which we consider to be material and which provides a basis for determining the nature, timing and extent of risk assessment procedures, identifying and assessing the risk of material misstatement and determining the nature, timing and extent of further audit procedures.

The materiality determined at the planning stage does not necessarily establish an amount below which uncorrected misstatements, either individually or in aggregate, will be considered as immaterial.

We revise materiality for the financial statements as our audit progresses should we become aware of information that would have caused us to determine a different amount had we been aware of that information at the planning stage.

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## 8. Materiality and misstatements

#### **Materiality (continued)**

Our provisional materiality is set based on a benchmark of net assets of the scheme available to pay benefits. We will identify a figure for materiality but identify separate levels for procedures designed to detect individual errors, and also a level above which all identified errors will be reported to the Audit Panel.

We consider that the net assets of the scheme available to pay benefits remains the key focus of users of the financial statements and, as such, we base our materiality levels around this benchmark.

We expect to set a materiality threshold at 1% of net assets of the scheme available to pay benefits. Based on the level of net assets of the scheme available to pay benefits as reported in the draft accounts, we anticipate the overall materiality for the year ending 31 March 2023 to be in the region of £294m (£293m in the prior year).

Our provisional specific materiality for the fund account is set based on a benchmark of benefits payable. We expect to set a materiality threshold at 10% of benefits payable. Based on benefits payable as reported in the draft accounts, we anticipate the fund account specific materiality for the year ending 31 March 2023 to be in the region of £95m (£90m in the prior year).

After setting initial materiality, we continue to monitor materiality throughout the audit to ensure that it is set at an appropriate level.

#### **Performance Materiality**

Performance materiality is the amount or amounts set by the auditor at less than materiality for the financial statements as a whole to reduce, to an appropriately low level, the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds materiality for the financial statements as a whole. Our initial assessment of performance materiality is based on low inherent risk, meaning that we have applied 80% of overall materiality as performance materiality.

#### **Misstatements**

We accumulate misstatements identified during the audit that are other than clearly trivial. We set a level of triviality for individual errors identified (a reporting threshold) for reporting to the Audit Panel that is consistent with the level of triviality that we consider would not need to be accumulated because we expect that the accumulation of such amounts would not have a material effect on the financial statements. Based on our preliminary assessment of overall materiality, our proposed triviality threshold is £8.8m based on 3% of overall materiality. If you have any queries about this please do not hesitate to raise these with Suresh Patel.

#### **Reporting to the Audit Panel**

The following three types of audit differences above the trivial threshold will be presented to the Audit Panel:

- · summary of adjusted audit differences;
- · summary of unadjusted audit differences; and
- summary of disclosure differences (adjusted and unadjusted).

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## Appendices

A: Key communication points

B: Revised auditing standard on Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement: ISA (UK) 315 (Revised 2019)

We value communication with Those Charged With Governance as a two way feedback process at the heart of our client service commitment. ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance' and ISA 265 (UK) 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' specifically require us to communicate a number of points with you.

Relevant points that need to be communicated with you at each stage of the audit are outlined below.

#### Form, timing and content of our communications

We will present the following reports:

- · Audit Strategy Memorandum; and
- · Audit Completion Report.

These documents will be discussed with management prior to being presented to yourselves and their comments will be incorporated as appropriate.

## **Key communication points at the planning stage as included in this Audit Strategy Memorandum**

- Our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the financial statements;
- The planned scope and timing of the audit;
- · Significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;
- · Our commitment to independence;

- · Responsibilities for preventing and detecting errors;
- Materiality and misstatements; and
- Fees for audit and other services.

## Key communication points at the completion stage to be included in our Audit Completion Report

- Significant deficiencies in internal control;
- · Significant findings from the audit;
- · Significant matters discussed with management;
- · Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit;
- Qualitative aspects of the entity's accounting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- Our conclusions on the significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;
- · Summary of misstatements;
- · Management representation letter;
- Our proposed draft audit report; and
- Independence.

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ISA (UK) 260 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance', ISA (UK) 265 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' and other ISAs (UK) specifically require us to communicate the following:

Required communication	Where addressed
Our responsibilities in relation to the financial statement audit and those of management and those charged with governance.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
The planned scope and timing of the audit including any limitations, specifically including with respect to significant risks.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
<ul> <li>With respect to misstatements:</li> <li>uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion;</li> <li>the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods;</li> <li>a request that any uncorrected misstatement is corrected; and</li> <li>in writing, corrected misstatements that are significant.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report
<ul> <li>With respect to fraud communications:</li> <li>enquiries of the Audit Panel to determine whether they have a knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity;</li> <li>any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that fraud may exist; and</li> <li>a discussion of any other matters related to fraud.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report and discussion at Audit Panel, Audit planning and clearance meetings

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Required communication	Where addressed
Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable:  non-disclosure by management;  inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions;  disagreement over disclosures;  non-compliance with laws and regulations; and  difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity.	Audit Completion Report
<ul> <li>Significant findings from the audit including:</li> <li>our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;</li> <li>significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit;</li> <li>significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management or were the subject of correspondence with management;</li> <li>written representations that we are seeking;</li> <li>expected modifications to the audit report; and</li> <li>other matters, if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process or otherwise identified in the course of the audit that we believe will be relevant to the Audit Panel in the context of fulfilling their responsibilities.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	Audit Completion Report
Where relevant, any issues identified with respect to authority to obtain external confirmations or inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures.	Audit Completion Report
Engagement and Your audit Audit scope, Significant risks and key responsibilities summary engagement team approach and timeline judgement areas	Fees for audit and other services  Our commitment to independence  Materiality and misstatements  Appendices



Required communication	Where addressed
Audit findings regarding non-compliance with laws and regulations where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional (subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off) and enquiry of the Audit Panel into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Audit Panel may be aware of.	Audit Completion Report and the Audit Panel meetings
<ul> <li>With respect to going concern, events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including:</li> <li>whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty;</li> <li>whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements; and</li> <li>the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report
Reporting on the valuation methods applied to the various items in the annual financial statements including any impact of changes of such methods	Audit Completion Report
Indication of whether all requested explanations and documents were provided by the entity	Audit Completion Report

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## Appendix B: Revised auditing standard on Identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement: ISA (UK) 315 (Revised 2019)

#### **Background**

ISA (UK) 315 (Revised 2019) introduces major changes to the auditor's risk identification and assessment approach, which are intended to drive a more focused response from auditors undertaking work to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to address the risks of material misstatement. The new standard is effective for periods commencing on or after 15 December 2021 and therefore applies in full for the Pension Fund's 2022/23 audit.

The most significant changes relevant to the Pension Fund's audit are outlined below.

#### **Enhanced risk identification and assessment**

The standard has enhanced the requirements for the auditor to understand the audited entity, its environment and the applicable financial reporting framework in order to identify and assess risk based on new inherent risk factors which include:

- Subjectivity
- Complexity
- Uncertainty and change
- Susceptibility to misstatement due to management bias or fraud.

Using these inherent risk factors, we assess inherent risk on a spectrum, at which the higher end of which lies significant risks, to drive an audit that is more focused on identified risks. Auditors are now also required to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence from these risk identification and assessment

procedures which means documentation and evidence requirements are also enhanced.

#### Greater emphasis on understanding IT

In response to constantly evolving business environments, the standard places an increased emphasis on the requirements for the auditor to gain an understanding of the entity's IT environment to better understand the possible risks within an entity's information systems. As a result, we are required to gain a greater understanding of the IT environment, including IT general controls (ITGCs).

#### Increased focus on controls

Building on the need for auditors to gain a greater understanding of the IT environment, the standard also widens the scope of controls that are deemed relevant to the audit. We are now required to broaden our understanding of controls implemented by management, including ITGCs, as well as assess the design and implementation of those controls.

#### Implications for the audit

Based on our experience of applying the revised auditing standard to our NHS audits earlier this year, we will spend more auditor time and need more time from the Fund's staff to document an understanding of the key business processes that support the financial statements.

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Mazars is an internationally integrated partnership, specialising in audit, accountancy, advisory, tax and legal services\*. Operating in over 90 countries and territories around the world, we draw on the expertise of 40,400 professionals – 24,400 in Mazars' integrated partnership and 16,000 via the Mazars North America Alliance – to assist clients of all sizes at every stage in their development.

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